

Transfer: Nahrung in Tiere – Fleisch, Milch,

Radionuklide und biologische HWZ

| Radionuklid | Speicherorgan | physikalische Halbwertszeit | biologische Halbwertszeit |
|------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Tritium (H 3) | Körperwasser | 12,3 a | 10 d |
| Kohlenstoff 14 (C 14) | Fett | 5.730 a | 40 d (organ. gebunden) |
| Kalium 40 (K 40) | Muskulatur | $1,28 \cdot 10^9$ a | 30 d |
| Strontium 90 (Sr 90) | Knochen | 28,6 a | 50 a |
| Jod 131 (J 131) | Schilddrüse | 8,02 d | 80 d |
| Cäsium 137 (Cs 137) | Muskulatur | 30,2 a | 110 d (Männer), 65 d (Frauen) |
| Radium 226 (Ra 226) | Skelett | 1,600 a | im Mittel 5 a (3,9 a trabekulärer, 23 a kortikaler Knochen) |
| Thorium 232 (Th 232) | Leber/Knochen | $1,4 \cdot 10^{10}$ | 2 a (Leber), 20 a (Knochenoberfläche) |
| Uran 238 (U 238) | Nieren, Knochen | $4,5 \cdot 10^9$ | 14 a (Knochenoberfläche) |
| Plutonium 239 (Pu 239) | Leber, Knochen | $2,4 \cdot 10^4$ | 20 a (Leber), 50 a (Knochenoberfläche) |
| Polonium 210 (Po 210) | Leber, Niere, Milz | 138.4 d | 100 d (sehr wenige Daten) |

Table 4: Parameters from literature and from this study for a two-compartment model for the ^{137}Cs animal feed transfer coefficient from feed to milk. (Data \pm SD, if available).

| Parameters | Voigt et al., 1989 | Fabbri et al., 1994* Intake / Excretion | This study / models 4 free parameter: 3 free parameter |
|----------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| a_1 ; $t_{1/2}$ [d] | 0.8; 1.5 | 0.67; 1 / 0.76; 1.7 | 0.26; 1.19 ($p < 0.01$) 0.69 ± 0.05 ; 1.06 ± 0.28 |
| a_2 ; $t_{1/2}$ [d] | 0.2; 15 | 0.33; 12.4 / 0.24; 17.3 | 0.74; 365 ($p > 0.8$) 0.31 ± 0.05 ; 19.5 ± 3.8 |
| fm [d.L^{-1}] | 0.0031 ± 0.0005 | 0.0031 ± 0.0003 | 0.0071 ± 0.0008 |

* Slightly different parameters for intake and excretion reported by Fabbri et al., 1994.

Figure 2: ^{137}Cs activity concentration in milk (fresh weight, $\text{[Bq L}^{-1}]$) on individual alps during the summer 2002. In (a) alps with increasing ^{137}Cs concentration, in (b) alps with constant or moderately decreasing ^{137}Cs concentration.

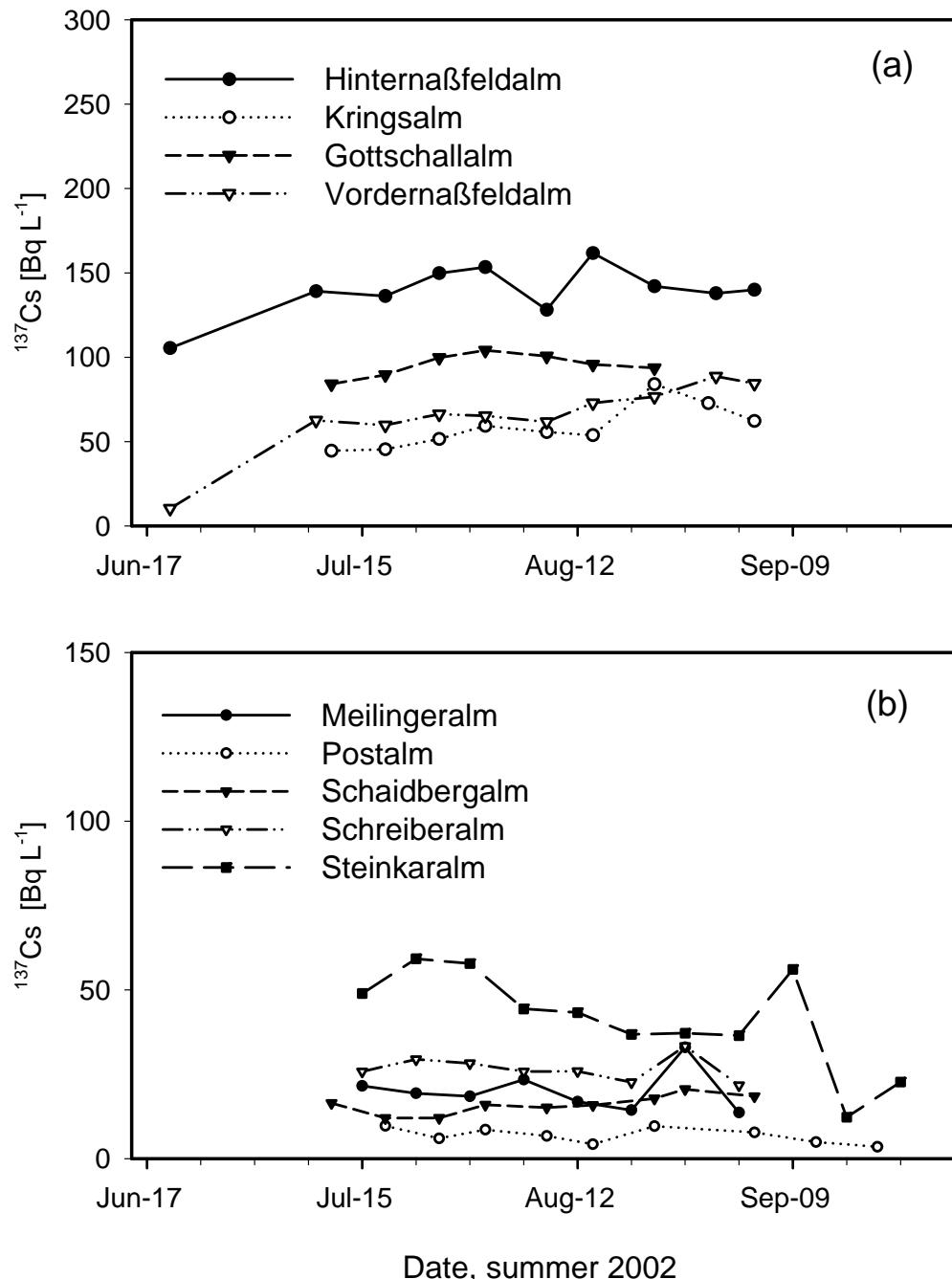


Figure 3 ^{137}Cs concentration [Bq L^{-1}] in milk. Detailed time series (a) of one selected alp (Vorder-Nassfeldalm) during summer 2003, data fits with two-compartment models (b,c,d) and their underlying assumptions. Shaded area in (a) were omitted for fitting.

